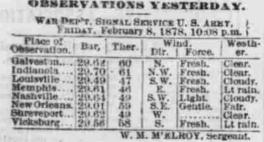
CLOSING RATES

Yesterday of cotton and gold: Liverpool cotton, 6 1-4d. Memphis cotton, 10 3-8c. New Orleans cotton, 10 5-8c. New York cotton 41 1-16c. New York gold, 102.

WEATHER INDICATIONS. WAR DEPT., OFFICE CH. SIG. OFFICE, WASHINGTON, February 9, 1 a.m.

For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, clouds weather and rain, turning into snow, followed by clearing weather, colder northeast, backing to nort breest, winds, and rising barometer.

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY.



NEW YORK.

News Received of the Failure of Meavy Massachusetts Manufacturing House-Arrest of Henry Clews, the Banker - Jewett Bailed on \$10,000 Bonds.

New York, February 8.—Joel Hayden & Co., manufacturers of brass goods, of Beekman street and Haydenville, Massachusetts, have failed. Their suspension has caused great surprise, as the firm had high credit, and was supposed to be worth over five hundred thousand dollars. The cause of the failure is attributed to a decreation in seal case. ure is attributed to a depreciation in real esure is attributed to a depreciation in real estate and stock and to the settlement of the estate of the late Joel Hayden. The liabilities are about four hundred thousand dollars, nearly all held at Haydenville. The store, at 84 Beekman street, was seized yesterday on an attachment issued in favor of the administrators of the estate of Joel Hayden, deceased. The assets are valued at six hundred thousand dollars, consisting of factories, machinery, stock and book accounts.

Henry Clews, the banker and broker, was Henry Clews, the banker and broker, was arrested yesterday by Chautauqua county offi-cers, and, it is believed, hurried from or con-cealed in this city. His counsel and friends are ignorant of his present whereabouts, and who have obtained a writ of habeas corpus. In accordance with the decision of the su-preme court the preliminary examination of Mr. Jewett, receiver of the Eric railroad company, before a police justice on a charge of perjury, was abandoned to day, and Mr. Jewett gave bail in the sum of ten thousand

A CYCLONE

ta, Go.-Wind, Rain, Bail, Thunder and Lightning in Terrifle Force.

Augusta, February 8 — About seven o'clock last evening this city was visited with a shower of hail, followed by a rain-storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning and the congress had ratified the awards, removed in the latter informed him that he was too late, as congress had ratified the awards, removed in the latter informed him that he was too late, as congress had ratified the awards, removed in the creditor and against the tax-payer. Remonetize silver, make it a full legal tender, and let the people look to God and their own strong arms for that prosperity which all hoped to see.

Senator Davis [W. Va.] took the floor, but yielded to Senator White on whose motion rumbling and tremor of an earthquake. This was followed, a little after one o clock, by a such action as a finality. Nobles remained cyclone, which struck the city on the south-inactive until the advent of the present adwest, near Center street, and demolished many houses. The lower markethouse was literally lifted and smashed into atoms. Several brick and wooden buildings were wholly or partially destroyed. The cyclone traveled gested that Dalla Costa, the Venezuelan from the southwest to the northeast, and covered a space of about three hundred yards wide. Some casualties are reported. The Columbia milroad depot is a total wreck, and who resided in Philadelphia, and was the some damage was done to the Contral rail-road depot. Many private residences were injured. Charles Dives and his wife, colored, were found dead in the ruins of their house.

Venezuelan government's attorney. Nobles did so, and handed Pile the Murray letter, who agreed to compensate Nobles liberally for his assistance in exposing the fraudulent The track of the tornado blazed as if on fire, character of the mixed commission. Loss fifty thousand dollars. Reports are rife RELIABLE INFORMATION CONCERNING SITof damage in the neighboring county, south

American Indians on Canadian Soil. OTTAWA, February 8 .- The dominion parament was opened with a speech from the throne by the governor general. He alluded with satisfaction to the settlement of the ishery question, and referred in the following language to the American Indians on Canadian soil: Early in the past summer a large body of Indians under Sitting-Bull, from the United States, crossed into British territory to escape from the United States troops, and have since remained on the Canadian side. The United States government made a friendly but unsuccessful attempt to nduce the Indians to return to their reservations. It is to be hoped that such arrangements may yet be made as may lead to their withdrawal and a permanent and peaceful settlement, and thus relieve Canada of a surce of uneasiness and heavy expenditure.

Big Protective Tariff Demonstration. PITTSBURG, February 8.—The demonstraion to-morrow in favor of a protective tariff promises to be one of the largest ever witturing establishments will be closed to allow delivered by speakers representing the differ-ent branches of business.

A Negro Ravisher Hanged. Sr. Louis, February 8 .- A special from Boonville, Missouri, reports the lynching of an unknown negro near New Franklin, How-ard county. An educated colored woman, who teaches a country school, was on her way home and encountered two negroes in the woods, where they overpowered her and outhouse she reported the facts and a party was organized to pursue. They traced the ravishers to a vacant house. One saw the party coming and fled and the other crept under the floor. He was taken out and hung to

Educational. ATLANTA, February 8.—The Southern educational convention, which has been in session here two days, has adjourned. Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Tennessee, Missouri, Alabama and Louisiana were represented by State superintendents, college mendents. endents, college presidents and educators. eeds of wild land sales and other sources, to be applied under State laws, on the basis of illiteracy, and a memorial was made to con-gress to hasten such legislation.

A Missing Telegram Traced up. San Francisco, February 8.—Referring to a Washington dispatch of the lifth instant to a Washington dispatch of the lifth instant to the effect that no telegram from the Chinese six companies to Secretary Evarts proposing the restriction of Chinese immigration had been received at the state department, the manager of the Washington office when the manager of the Washington office was a story of the lifth instant 24.

Senator Hoar submitted a resolution inpaign would not write such a letter, and would not indorse such views? Was that the foreshadowing of what was to come, and did the gentleman mean to use this case—may be resumed forthwith so as to give pressure the committed a resolution inpaign would not write such a letter, and would not indorse such views? Was that the foreshadowing of what was to come, and did the gentleman mean to use this case—to commit the paign would not indorse such views? Was that the foreshadowing of what was to come, and did the gentleman mean to use this case—to commit the paign would not write such a letter, and would not indorse such views? Was that the foreshadowing of what was to come, and did the gentleman mean to use this case—to commit the paign would not indorse such views? morning of January 11th, and receipted for by "William M. Evarts, per J. J. C."

British Grain Market.

LONDON, February 8 .- A leading grain only moderate transactions are noted.

... For the latest fashion notes from abroad. illustrated by the best artists, and with carefully drawn patterns, Andrews Bazar commends itself instantly. An authority on the subject of correct and tasteful dressing has long been wanted, and the voice of the ladies proclaims that the Bazar supplies the urgent need. Send 10 cents to W. R. Anws, Cincinnati, for specimen copy.

WASHINGTON.

Exposure of the Frauds in the Distribution of the Awards of the Venezuela Mixed Commission-Nominations by the President.

Reliable Information Cozcerning Sitting-Bull's Attempt to Form a Confederation to Attack the Whites-Territorial Timber-Cutting.

Congressional Proceedings-Private Bill-Day in the House-Sapp's Trans-Continental Railway with its Eastern Terminus at

The Senate Does Little Else then Disc the Silver Bill-Senator Hill on the Floor in Advecacy of its Passage.

WASHINGTON, February 8.—Vice-President Wheeler and Speaker Randall are strictly enforcing the rule prohibiting the

THE VENEZUELA COMMISSION FRAUD.

Beadles, Nobles and Garrison between the American minister, the American commisbeing thirty-seven thousand five hundred dol-lars. Mr. Nobles testified that he obtained

TING-BULL. The following dispatch, containing an account of the visit of Sitting-Bull's Sioux over the border and their attempt to form a confederation to attack the whites, has been received here, and is vouched for as reliable

in every respect. FORT BENTON, MONTANA, February 5, 1878. Charley Buckman arrived from Fort Clog-gitt last evening with the following important information: "On the thirteenth ultimo the Crows and Gros Ventres camped at Fort Cloggitt and discovered moccasin tracks of about one hundred Sioux in the vicinity of the camp, and pieces of tobacco tied to the Sicux desired to smoke and hold a council.
The Crows and Gros Ventres, however, considered the tobacco a decoy, and were afraid to venture out. The following day Major Reed, who was at the fort, started for his ranch, in company with one of the Crows.

When a few piles out they in the constant of the crows. When a few miles out they discovered a large party of Sioux mounted, and were compelled to turn back. That night all the Indians camped near the fort, tied their horses to the lodges, but in spite of this precaution, fitty nessed in this city. The arrangements are all complete, and from the reports received by the committee, it is expected that fully twenty thousand men will be in the processupposed to be still prowling near the fort. Lame Bill, a Gros Ventre, has gone with the Cross into the Judith country, taking the Crows into the Judith country, taking the workmen to take part. Immediately attended the lodges of his own people with him and advising the rest to follow. A Gros Ventre Indian came in from Marion's to day, and reported as follows: A member of the Blackreported as follows: A member of the Black-feet tribe recently came to his camp on Ma-rion's to learn how he and his people felt about joining the Sioux. It appears the Sioux have held a council with the Sarcess at Cypress mountains, when the Sioux stated that they want us to form an alliance with all the northern tribes to kill off the whites before the latter become too numerous. The Sar-cess communicated with the Blackfeet, and the latter sent this Indian to negotiate with the Gros Ventres and the Piegans. Before the Gros Ventre Indian from whom this in-formation is obtained left Marion's, a runner from the main camp on Milk river had come in with news to the effect that a delegation of nine Sioux had come to camp to get the Gros Ventres and Assiniboines to join them against the whites. The Gros Ventre professes to have threatened the party, where-

Agreed to.

Senator Chaffee, from the committee on Territories, reported favorably on the house standard-bearer of the Democracy. What prisonment in the State prison or county jail bills making appropriations for the purchase of law libraries for the Territories of Wyoming and Dakota. Placed on the calendar.

Senator Conkling presented a petition of Mr. Bridges asked Mr. Conger whether he circular says: Grain has been excited and un-settled, and holders have been unwilling to offer freely. Buyers paid full pricees or more the ministers and congregations of colored churches in various States and Territories, the rent of these mills. offer freely. Buyers paid full prieces or more for wheat and make within the last two days at this market. To-day there was a good attendance, and red wheats were held for one penny to two pence per cental advance on Thursday's quotations, which millers paid reluctantly. White wheat was comparatively neglected and unimproved. On the whole meglected and unimproved meglected and unimpr Senator Cameron [Penn.] presented a peti- | ment? tion from the governor of Pennsylvania, asking legislation to carry out the true intent and meaning of the act of July 27, 1861, to bell could not bind the country for all the millions that are to follow the passage of this indemnify the States for expenses incurred bill.
by them in arming and equipping troops for Mr. Townsend [N. Y.] argued that in this

nent of eight additional commissioners to the Paris exposition. It was discussed until the expiration of the morning hour, and then referred to the committee on appropriations, together with the amendment appropriating twenty-two thousand dollars to pay the salaries of the additional commissioners. The consideration was then resumed of unfinished business, being the silver bill, and Senter Hill made a proper to the silver bill, and Senter Hill made a proper to the silver bill.

ator Hill made a speech.

Senator Hill thought the silver dollar should be remonetized, but he could not support the bill now before the senate, as it came port the bill now before the senate, as it came from the house of representatives. He believed if this bill should pass unamended it would enrich a few individuals and give no relief to the financial embarrassment of the country. It would necessitate additional legislation, and finally take its place in history as the pickpocket bill of American legislation. He objected to free and unlimited coinage, and to the proposed unlimited legal-tender power to be given to the silver dollar, and said he could not consent to the coinage of a dollar worth minety cents and stamping it as a dollar. He sent to the coinage of a dollar worth ninety cents and stamping it as a dollar. He believed the most effective and permanent way to keep the silver dollar equal with the gold dollar was to prescribe for silver a function in our currency; he would have silver more than a subsidiary coin, but would limit its legal-tender power. The people demanded a silver dollar, but they did not demand one which would drive the gold out of the country. He would give silver a legal-tender power for all payments not exceeding one hundred dollars; he was in favor of some compromise, and hoped his friends would not plant themselves square on the house bill and refuse to compromise. He cared nothing for the bondholders or any other class. He believed that legislation which was wise for one class was wise for all classes, and he represented the people, the government, etc. Senator

Washington, February 8.—Vice-President dent Wheeler and Speaker Randall are strictly enforcing the rule prohibiting the sale of liquor, including lager beer, in the Capitol.

NOMINATIONS.

The President sent the following nominations to the senate to-day: Alfred V. Dockery, of North Carolina, consultat Leeds; Darwin S. Hall, of Minnesota, register of the land office at Benson, Minnesota; Robert S. Rivitage, of Arkansas, receiver of public morey at Harrison, Arkansas.

The TRENTORIAL TIMBER.

The committee of Territorial delegates unanimously adopted the following:

Resolved, That the commuttee on public lands of the house of representatives be respectfully requested to report house bill, No. 2442, introduced by Mr. Maginnis, to regulate the cutting of timber on public lands of timber on public lands of the country to pursue. Call back the recommendation of the bolization of a contract. Teach the present generation, teach all generations, and had been uniformly decided against that the cutting of timber on public lands in the Territories, with a favorable recommendation of any country.

Hill referred to the recent speech of Senator Eaton, in which that gentleman said that agrarianism and communism would never find a full hold in the United States, and said those were noble words, be represented that agrarianism and communism would never find a full hold in the United States, and said those were noble words, where the discussion was closed with an argument by Mr. Tucker in favor of the bill. The committee then rose and reported the bill to the house, with the recommendation that agrarianism and communism would never find a full hold in the United States, and the represented the country had been and the negative from the Republican side, but there was no possible excuse which could justify a disregard of the specific promote of the vote the question arcse as to the right of a member of the vote, Mr. Mills taking the ground that a member could not be deprived of his constitutional right, because it was the large of present generation, teach all generations, that fidelity to truth and law was the best

religion, the wisest statesmanship, and the The sub-committee on the Venezuela case examined Rev. John C. Nobles, of Newark, New Jersey, brother of the late Colonel Nobles, to whom W. P. Murray addressed a letter that has since been so extensively published, in which Murray confessed that he divided one hundred and fifty thousand dolars out of the two hundred and fifty thousand dolars out of the two hundred and fifty thousand dolars awarded by the mixed commission to government had put itself on the road to contraction, following it closely. He agreed that legislation since the close of the war had been uniformly in the interest of the creditor and the senate went into executive session, and when the doors were reopened adjourned

IN THE HOUSE. This being Friday, bills of a purely private nature were considered.

Mr. Sapp introduced a bill to aid in the construction of a railroad from a point opposite Memphis, on the Mississippi, to Jefferson, Austin and San Antonio, Texas, and thence to a point at or near El Paso. Re-

Mr. Bright, chairman of the committee on claims, reported a bill appropriating one hun-dred and thirty-two thousand six hundred and seventeen dollars for the payment of claims allowed by the accounting officers of the treasury. Passed. Mr. Harris, chairman of the committee on elections, made a report in the Louisiana contested election case that Darrall, the sitting member, is not entitled to his seat, and that Joseph H. Acklin, the contestant, is.

Mr.Price presented the views of the minority, with a resolution that Darrall is entitled to

Mr. Thornburgh stated for himself, Waite and Hiscock that they had signed neither report, and that they would file their The reports were ordered printed, and Mr. Harris stated that he would call them up for action on Wednesday night.

The house then went into committee of the whole, Mr. Yeates in the chair, on the pri-The first bill taken up was one appropriating eighteen thousand four hundred and thirty dollars to pay W. H. Newman and L. A. Van Hoffman, of New York, in full compensation for the use of the Pioneer mills, in Alexandria, by the United States authorities, during the late war. The bill was advocated by Messrs. Hunton, Finley, Robinson [Ind.], and Wilson, and opposed by Messrs. Jones [Ohio] and Conger [Mich.] In the course of discussion Tilden's letter adverse to the payment of war claims was frequently alluded

Mr. Conger, in his opposition to the bill, declared that if there ever was a case where houses, lands, mills, and all the other prop-erty of a city had been captured in war, it was the case of the city of Alexandria. That city had been captured by the troops of the United States when the brave and lamented Ellsworth had been shot down, and had never been released from military occupancy during the war. The government had the right, under the laws of war, to take all the property in the city of Alexandria for its own use, to drive out all its inhabitants, and to destroy the city, if it chose to do so.

Mr. Eden asked Mr. Conger whether he had not united in the report of the commit

had not united in the report of the commit-tee on war claims of last congress in of the same bill. Mr. Conger denied that he had done so. Mr. Eden—It was a unanimous report, and

the gentleman from Michigan was a member of that committee. Mr. Conger—I am surprised that the gentle-man from Illinois should endeavor to make a man from Illinos should endeavor to make a professes to have threatenedthe party, where upon the latter went outside the camp, dug a hole, and dared them to come on. They say they would have attacked him, but were afraid of the Assimboines.

Congressional Proceedings.

IN THE SENATE.

Senator Whyte said it did not seem possible that the senate could reach the vote on the silver bill to-morrow; he, therefore, moved that when the senate adjourn to-day it be to meet Monday next.

Senator Allison, in charge of the silver bill, opposed the motion, and called for the yeas and nays.

The motion was agreed to—yeas 28; nays 24.

Senator Hoar submitted a resolution inpersonal question with me on this subject, but if he desires it he can have it. [Laughter, caused by Mr. Conger's advance toward Mr. Eden in a comic, heroic manner.] If there ment, the manager of the Washington office of the Western Union telegraph company telegraphs to the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Fearts's office on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Fearts's office on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram in question of the Senator Chaffee, from the committee on the superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacific division that the telegram is a superintendent of the Pacif

Mr. Conger replied that in the commit-

the use of the government, so as to pay the case there had been an agreement to pay State of Pennsylvania the remainder due that rent for the mills, and that therefore it should

there was a contract by implication which ought to compel the government to pay it. Mr. Potter sent to the clerk's desk and had mr. Potter sent to the clerk's desk and had read an extract from the decisions of the supreme court, announced forty years ago, to the effect that a military officer charged with any particular duty might impress private property into the public service, or take it for public use, and that the government was unquestionably bound in such case to make full compensation to the owner.

compensation to the owner.

Mr. Hanna said that he was apprehensive that the house, by passing the bill, might commit itself in a direction which it would afterward regret. He argued that there was nothing in the case as shown by the report

position; that this was not in contravention of any constitutional right, because it was the duty of members to be present to attend to their public duties, and that the only persons

he had appointed Mr. Wigginton to fill the vacancy in the committee on public lands. The session to-morrow will be for debate

A SENATOR WITH VIEWS.

Cerro Gordo Williams Serenaded-He Defines his Position Upon Several Important Matters.

special to the Cincinnati Enquirer.] FRANKFORT, February 6.—General Cerro Fordo Williams, the newly-elected United States senator from Kentucky, was serenaded at the Capitol hotel this evening. An immense crowd was in attendance, as it was expected the general would make an elaborate speech on the issues of the day, and somewhat foreshadow the course he would pursue when he takes his seat at Washington. Nor were the expectations of the crowd disappointed. He thoroughly discussed every question agitating the country, and took the question agitating the country, and took the most advanced ground in each case. He warmly applauded the conduct of President Hayes, and declared his intention to support Hayes, and declared his intention to support him as long as he continued his present policy, and thought it the duty of all true Demo-crats to do likewise. He considered Mr. Hayes peculiarly entitled to the gratitude of the good people of the country, because he had shown such manliness and disregard of party shackles in a most trying emergency, and when it required a clear head and stout heart to steer the ship of State through the breakers. The general next alluded to the Texas Pacific railroad, claiming that it was absolutely necessary for the commercial prosperity of the south; that it was due her on account of the many millions already ex-pended in building Pacific railroads exclu-sively for the benefit of the morth, and that congress ought to pass, without murmur or delay, the bill granting the road the assist-ance asked. He favored national aid in building the Mississippi levees on the same grounds; declared protection a humbug and fraud upon the commerce of the country; wanted the five-twenty bonds paid in greenbacks, as the law creating them provided; denounced the conduct of congress in ever demonetizing silver, and opposed the resumption of specie payments until the country could stand it. The general was listened to with marked attention by the audience and frequently applanded.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Sydney, New South Wales, February 7: The drought has ended, and there have been general rains. New York, February 8.—The nominal assets of John F. Henry, Curran & Co. are stated to be \$774,544; actual, \$355,260. Liaoilities, \$1,030,687. Providence, R. I., February 8: A body supposed to be that of Rev. A. M. Osgood, of Boston, was found in the dock at Stonington this morning. Deceased had a steamboat ticket in his pocket. St. Catharines, February 8: A man named M'Guire, alias M'Carthy, was arrested at Thorold to-day, charged with having com-mitted murder in Pittsburg. He is said to be one of the Mollie Maguires.

Mysterious Suicide of Rev. A. M. Os-

troduced in the assembly making the use of language to any assemblage of people, num-bering twenty-five or more, which is intended

A Bankrupt Rolling-Mill. DETROIT, February 8 .- The Wyandotte olling-mills company has been adjudicated a pankrupt in the United States district court.

Kerdone K. Moore was appointed provisional assignee, with a bond of one hundred thousand dollars. To soothe disturbed feelings brought on

New Orleans Courts Adjourn in Respect to the Dead Pope.

New Orleans, February 8.—The several district courts adjourned to-day out of respect to the memory of his holiness, Pope Pius IX.

Die. In reference to the money vote, he said that what would really have strengthened that State of Pennsylvania the remainder due that State. Referred.
Senator Saunders called up his supplemental joint resolution providing for the appoint.

State of Pennsylvania the remainder due that be paid.
Senator Saunders called up his supplemental joint resolution providing for the appoint.

Saloons which keep first-class liquors should have Green Brier in stack; it is unform in purity and flavor.

Saloons which keep first-class liquors should have Green Brier in stack; it is unform in purity and flavor.

EUROPE'S UNREST.

The Russian Occupation of Constantino ple Still Rumored, but Nothing Deflis Known-The London nes on the Situation,

Official Statement of the Terms of Peace -The Matter Discussed in Both Houses of the British Parhament-General News.

VERSAILLES, February 8.—The chamber of deputies adopted a bill enacting that a state of siege cannot be proclaimed without the consent of the chamber. RUSSIAN OCCUPATION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 7, VIA BOMBAY.—In accordance with the armistice conditions the Russians will occupy Widdin, Rustchuk, Silistria, Belgradjik and Erzeroup. The ambassadors of the powers are still ignorant of the conditions of peace. Nedjeb Pasha, with twenty-seven battalions, has left for Volo. Accounts have been received here of devardations committed by the Russian of depredations committed by the Russian troops in the houses of Mussulmans in Adrianople and the neighboring villages.

Constantinople, February 5, via Syria.

The Russians occupied Chatalji Silivria, on the Sea of Marmora and Osmanlı. Sulieman Pasha has gone to Larissa, the capital of the province of Thessaly. There is a cabinet crisis in consequence of the parliamentary criticisms of the government's abolition of the grand vizierate without consulting parlia-

the council of ministers. BAD PREPARATIONS FOR A CONFERENCE. LONDON, February 8.—A Vienna corre-pondent of the *Times*, commenting on the dussian occupation of the defensive lines of Constantinople, says: "The mystery which still envelopes the conditions of the armistice leaves plenty of room for further surprises. Thus, it looks very much as if the evacuation of the Danubian fortresses by the Turks will turn out to mean occupation by the Russians. These surprises seem to be bad preparations for the conference."

ment, and of the contemplated policy of Ahmed Vefik Effendi, the new president of

FROM BERLIN. London, February 8.—A Berlin dispatch says the speech from the throne on the opening of parliament, yesterday, made no mention of the three emperors' alliance, but emphasized the existence of friendly relations with all the powers, and more especially Austria, whence it is concluded that the German government has not entered into any engage-ment to support the new demands of Russia. This inference is not a little strengthened by he royal speech, expressly mentioning the programme agreed upon at the Constantino ole conference as the basis of the coming

THE TIMES HOPEFUL OF A PEACEFUL AD JUSTMENT. The Times, in a leading editorial, says that

t does not share in the excitement and alarm which yesterday's news created in many quarters, but thinks the time has come when the whole responsibility of action ought to be thrown on the government, and a gener-ous support be accorded it if the legitimate interests of the country are to be protected. interests of the country are to be protected. It says the government may have to act, and act promptly. It is impossible for the opposition to act for them or take their places, and it ought now to be left to them to take the course they deem necessary on their responsibility. "It is to be hoped," says the Times, "that the division of last night will close the controversy, which, however, was properly raised at the outset, but is now wholly out of place."

The Globe says that Osman Pasha will certainly be court-martialed this or next month. He is charged with burying Russian prison-

He is charged with burying Russian prisoners alive. The Russians are so exasperated against him that he rarely leaves his lodgings. The police are instructed to prevent any public demonstration againt him. THE PEACE BASIS.

LONDON, February 8.—Official information from St. Petersburg gives the detailed peace basis as follows: First-The erection of Bulgaria into principality.
Second—A war indemnity or territory com Third—The independence of Roumania, Servia and Montenegro, with an increase of

territory for each.
Fourth—Reforms in Bosnia and Hezrego-Fifth-An ulterior understanding between the sultan and the czar regarding the Darda nelles.
Sixth—The evacuation of the Danube and

its fortresses and Erzeroum. IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS. London, February 8, 6 p.m.—In the house of commons this afternoon Sir Stafford North cote, chancellor of the exchequer, communicated a summary of the terms of the armistice. He said they disclose such a state of affairs that the government, in view of a pos-

sible disturbance in Constantinople, has ordered a portion of the fleet thither, not as a departure from neutrality, but as a protec-tion of life and property. The government has notified this step to the other powers, asking whether they will join in the move-ment. It has also notified Russia. A summary of the terms of the armis-tice communicated by Sir Stafford Northcote to the house of commons this evening is given in a dispatch from Layard, dated Feb-ruary 7th. According to this the line of de-

markation fixed by the armistice places in Russian hands almost all of Bulgaria and Roumelia up to the lines of Constantinople and Gallipoli. Three days notice is to be given before the resumption of hostilities. Another article of the armistice stipulates that the Turks are to remove their arms. that the Turks are to remove their arms, etc., on evacuating places within the neutral zone which will divide the two armies. The dispatch concludes by stating that the Turks have commenced the withdrawal of their guns from the Constantinople lines. Sir Stafford Northcote said it was quite evident from that, although the Russians abeen not occupied the Constantinople lines above not occupied the Constantinople lines.

ple lines, they have occupied the outposts close to them; and as the lines, under the previsions of the armistice, are thoroughly dismantled, the Russians are able, after giving three days notice, to advance upon Contantinople without hindrance. Sir Stafford Northcote stated that Musurus Pasha, the Turkish ambassador at London. and positively contradicted the report from Layard had encouraged Turkey to fight by providing for England's intervention. Sir Stafford Northcote, replying to various ques-tions, said no answer had been received to this morning, as he wished to take the train to Boston. This morning his room was found vacated, and three dollars left to pay his hotel bill. No marks of violence were found on his person. He has a son in Boston, also a clergyman.

A New Riot Act.

Albany, February 8.—A bill has been introduced in the assembly making the use of protested against the former mission being onsidered as an act of war. He read the instructions to the admiral on

the present occasion, which are as follows: "Proceed, if possible, to-morrow afternoon with the Alexandria, Temeraire, Ruby, Salamis and Achilles, to Constantinople, to protect the lives and property of British subjects." Mr. Layard is requested to ask the Porte to give the necessary orders to the forts immediately. The house then went into committee on the lives of the vote. The Marquis of Hartington said the dispatch of the fleet to Constantinople could not be regarded as a menace to any other power, but might be beneficial, both for the protection of the lives of British subjects and tending to calm apprehension, which, whether well or ill-founded, undoubtedly by a cold, and to cure coughs, croup and hoarseness, take Dr. Bull's cough syrup. Price, 25 cents. whether well or ill-founded, undoubtedly did exist among the people of England concerning the Russian advance on Constantinople. In reference to the money vote, he said

policy themselves. He continued that, al-though he had opposed the vote as long as it was possible, which might encourage the Turks to prolong the war, he did not feel it to be his duty to continue that opposition now. In justification of this course, he pointed to the ministry's energetic indication of a desire to involve the country in war, notwithstanding their expressions of sympathy with the christians of Turkey. Sir Stafford Northcote expressed his satisfaction at Lord Hartington's speech.

Mr. Forster protested against the vote, but said he had withdrawn his amendment, so as not to inflame the excitement throughout

the country.

The debate having terminated, the house divided, and the vote granting the six million pounds was carried by 328 ayes to 124 nays, a majority of 204.

In the house of lords to-night Lord Derby announced that one foreign power had already applied to the Porte for a firman and to permit its fleet to enters Turkish waters. After the debate in committee, the vote of After the debate in committee, the vote of six million pounds sterling passed, by a division of three hundred and twenty-eight to one hundred and twenty-four, amid enthusiastic cheers from the conservatives. Prominent liberals and leaders of the opposition, including Lord Hartington and Mr. Forster, abstained. Gladstone voted with the minority. The opposition hissed Lord Hartington as he left the house.

IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS. LONDON, February 8-7 P.M.—In the house of lords Lord Derby, foreign secretary, made a statement similar to that of Sir Stafford Northcote in the house. He said he was justified in his resignation when the fleet was first sent to Constantinople, but he approved the present action in consequence of the al-tered aspect of affairs. In the house of com-mons Sir Stafford Northcote's announcement

was received with deafening cheers. THE POSITION OF THE GERMAN EMPIRE. Berlin, February 8 .- The conservative and liberal parties in the reichstay to-day came to an agreement in regard to the joint inter-pellation to be addressed to the imperial chancellor, inquiring whether he intends to make any statement respecting the eastern question and the position which the German empire has taken regarding it, and if such declaration is intended, what day it will be made. The interpellation has been signed by the leaders of the two parties. It is ru-mored in parliamentary circles that Bismarck is expected in Berlin Tuesday or Wednesday

CURRENT RUMORS FROM ALL SOURCES. LONDOM, February 8.—Official telegram from St. Petersburg confirm the correctness of all armistice conditions made public yes-terday. The only additional condition men-tioned is the evacuation of the fortresses and the Salinas.

A great meeting will be held at the Cre-morne Gardens Saturday, to indorse the gov-ATHENS, February 8.—The members of the provincial government of Thessaly have addressed a proclamation to the Hellenic government declaring Thessaly annexed to nother country.

St. Peterseurg, February 8.—The Agence Russe contradicts the report that the Servians refused to accept the the armistice, and that Austria opposed the Russian occupation of the Danubian fortresses.

R.G.CRAIG&CO 377-379 Main St. OFFER, AT POPULAR PRICES,

SEEDS! BRINLY COMBINATION and CALHOUN

PLOWS! FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES:

PLANTS & FLOWERS! CRAIG'S SEED STORE, 377-379 MAIN STREET,

Mardi-Gras Privileges. DIDS for Bar, Restaurant, Confectionery, Cloak room and sale of Masks, at EXPOSITION HALL, on Mardi-Gras, March 4th and 5th, will be received until February 16th. There will be grant Masquerade Balls on evenings of both days. Bit to be made separate for each privilege. The committee reserves the right to accept or reject all bids Address COMMITTEE ON PRIVILEGES, Mardi-Gras, 1878, Post-office, Memphis.

SPIRITUALISM!

MR. C. H. FOSTER, distinguished Medium can be consulted at the PEABODY HOTEL

TEXAS RED RUST, Proof Black, and other choice varieties of seed oats. Full stock Hay, Grain, Lime, Cement, etc.

W. J. CHASE & CO., 182 Main street. To the Policy Holders.

OFFICE MERCHANTS INSURANCE COMPANT, Memphis, Tenn., February 7, 1878.

WE have reinsured all of our FIRE and MARINE RISKS in the PLANTERS INSURANCE CO., of this city. Persons destring it, can call at the office of the Planters Insurance Co., at No. 41 Madison st, and have policies issued in lieu of the Merchanti Insurance Co.'s policies. Thanking the customers of this company for their past patronage, and hoping they will continue their policies in the Planters Insurance Company, we remain yours very respectfully,

M. L. MEACHAM, President,

W. M. GAY, Secretary.

BANKRUPT SALE OF HORSES 9th DAY of FEBRUARY, 1878,
AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

Self-Rising Buckwheat

March 5, 1878, be set apart as a day of fun, folly and frolic, when the innocent license of the mask shall have no limit, and the places of festivity shall offer a night of pleasure to all our people, and when the pageant of the BY order of the United States District Court, will be sold Five to Ten Horses, and several Buggles, Phaetons, Hacks, Harness, etc., at McCUL-LFR'S STABLES, 231 Third street, to the highest blidder for each

WEEKLY APPEAL. ONLY \$2 PER YEAR

THE MAMMOTH

Weekly Appea

CONTAINS 40 COLUMNS OF **Well-Digested Topics**

OF THE

NEWS of THE WEEK AS WELL AS THE

AND IS WELL FILLED WITH

Literary Selections tific, Agricultural, Philosophical, Religious, ordinar news, and all other matters of interest to the Farm er, hisnufacturer, Mechanic and Merchant.

CATARRH.

SWORN EVIDENCE.

markable ever effected by any medical preparation for the treatment

of Catarrh :

Gentlemen.—I hereby certify that I have had Catariff for ten years, and for the last six years have been a terrible sufferer. I was rendered partially deaf, had burxing in the head, pains across the temple, dizzy spells, weak and painful eyes, swollen and ulcerated tonsils, hard and constant cough, severs pain across the chest, and every that in the matter accumption. My head ached all the in. The matter accumption. My head ached all the in. The matter accumption. My head ached all the in. The matter accumption. My head ached all the in. The matter accumption. My head ached all the in. The matter accumption. My head ached all the in. The matter accumption. My head the seemed to me, at the point of suffocation. I would then have recourse to every means in my power to dislodge the macus from my throat and head before being able to sleep again. For a period of six years my tonsils were ulcerated andso much inflamed that I could with difficulty swallow. I finally consulted an eminent surgeon in regard to an operation on them, but at his request postponed it. The constant inflammation and ulceration in my throat cansed by the poisonous manufer dropping down from my head had so irritated and inflamed my lungs that I coughed incessantly,—a deep, hard cough. Meanwhile my system began to show the effects of this disease, so that llost flesh, grew pale, and showed every symptom of an early death by consumption. When matters had reached this stage, or about six months ago, I began the use of Sanfoun's Radical Cura for Catarens. After using the first bottle I began to improve rapidly. The first does seemed to clear my head as I had not known it to be for years. It seemed gradually to arrest the discharges. It stopped my cough in three days. By using it as a gargle I soon reduced the inflammation and swelling of my tonsils, so that they soon ceased to trouble me. The soreness across my chest disappeared, the burxing noises in my head ceased, my senses of seeing and of hearing were completely restored, and every symptom of d

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhal-ing Tabe, with full directions for use in all cases. Price, \$1.00. For sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

Affords the most grateful relief in all Af-fections of the Chest and Lungs.

CHRONIC PLEURISY CURED. which, to my great surprise, and I have been able to attend to my household affairs ever since with perfect ease and comfort, whereas, before the application of your invaluable Plaster, I was scarcely able to do anything. I consider them inestimable, and shall with pleasure recommend them to the afflicted. Yours respectfully.

MRS. FRANCES HARKIMAN.

ORLAND, Me., April 21, 1876.

There is no medical or protective appliance that will prove so grateful and effective in Tickling Coughs, Irritation and Soreness of the Chest and Lungs. We believe them capable of preventing serious diseases of PRICE, 25 CENTS.

Do not confound these Plasters with the ordinary Plasters of the day, that by comparison are absolutely worthless.

Be careful to obtain COLLINS' VOLTAIO PLASTER, a combination of Electric or Voltaic Plates with a highly Medicated Plaster, as seen in the above cut. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEES & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

E. S. MOLLOY. HAVING purchased the Stock, Fixtures, etc., the Drug Store of the late G. W. Jones, shall continue the WHOLESALE

DRUG BUSINESS

AT THE OLD STAND. No. 257 Main Street, under the style and firm of G. W. JONES & CO., as heretofore. Having ample facilities, we shall always keep on hand a large stock of the PUREST DRUGS, at lowest prices; and grateful for past patronage, respectfully beg a continuance of the same.

M. C. JONES.

E. S. MOLLOY.

COTTON GINNING.

JOS. M. HENOCHSBERG. J. V. PATRICE COTTON GINNING STAR COTTON-GINS Monday, March 4, '78

TROM THIS DATE, we will Gin all cotton con signed to our Gins for the Seed, and make No Charge for draying it from the river, or Delivery of same to your merchant, the Seed Alone Pays All Expenses, except your freight. All cotton is covered by insurance while in our hands. Order Sacks and ship only to the Star Gins. Besides having Refitted our ginning establishment with the Latest Improved Gins. Cotton Dusters, Cleaners, and every kind of machinery necessary for ginning cotton, we are prepared to do Better Work, Hake a Finer Sample and clean the Seed Closer, than any other gins in the city.

J. V. PATRICK & CO. J. V. PATRICK & CO.

Jos. M. Henochsberg as a partner to our firm, and now, with increased facilities, will still further try and place the Star Cotton Gin superior to all others.

October 1, 1877.

J. V. PATRICK & CO.

BUCKWHEAT.

FOR SALE BY ALL

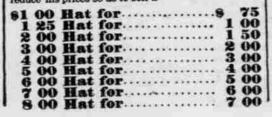
RETAIL GROCERS! MEMPHI

Is made of the very best New York State Buckwheat, pure and fresh. Is always ready, gives no trouble, makes good cakes in

FIVE MINUTES TIME, Simply by the use of cold water or sweet milk. Always buy the Self-Rising Buckwheat.

HATS. LEIDY'S CASH HAT STORE!

You will SAVE MONEY and get the most Stylish, Fresh and Becoming Hat in the Trade. Mr. Leidy has made arrangements with a great New York Manufacturing Hat House, and is able to sell, Latest News of the Day FOR CASH, fine and reliable goods at Jobbers' Prices. From February 1st, Mr. Leidy will



Of superior ENGLISH manufacture, and justly celebrated for Elastic-ity, Durability and Evenness of Point, In 15 Numbers.

THE SPENCERIAN

STEEL PENS

"." Varieties suited to every style of writing. For sale by the Trade generally. A Sample Card, containing one each of the Fifteen Numbers, by mail, on receipt of 25 cents.

IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO.
138 and 140 Grand St., New York.

ST. BERNARD COAL CO., Earlington, Ky. O'NEIL & CO., Pittsburg, Pa. C. B. BRYAN, Memphis, Tenn C. B. BRYAN & CO.

13 Madison St.,

Memphis, : : : : Tennessee. Chancery Sale of Real Estate. No. 2697, R.—Chancery Court of Shelby County—
A. W. Newsom v. Blount Springfield.

By virtue of an interiocutory decree for sale, entered in the above cause on the Sth day of No. 1877, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Clerk and Master's office, courthouse building, Main street, Memphis, Tenn., on Saturday, February 9, 1878,

Saturday, February 9, 1878,
within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tenn., and near the city of Memphis, to-wit: Lot No. 44 of the Cooper subdivision, about three miles east of Memphis, near the Fair Grounds, containing 10 92 100 acres: Beginning at the northeast intersection of Nelson and Cooper avenues; thence west with south side of Nelson avenue 627 feet to a stake in the east line of lot No. 37; thence south 759 feet to a stake in the east line of lot No. 37; thence east 627 feet to a stake in the east line of lot No. 37; thence east 627 feet to a stake in the east line of lot No. 37; thence south 759 feet to a stake in the west line of Cooper avenue; thence north 759 feet to the beginning, as per plan recorded in book 30, part 1, page 70, Register's office, Shelby county. Tennessee.

Terms of Sale—On a credit of six months; purchaser to execute note with approved security; lien retained till same is paid, and equity of redemption barred. January 18, 1878.

E. A. COLE, Clerk and Master.

By B. J. Black, Deputy C. and M.

Jamagin & Frayser, Solicitors.

Commissioner's Sale of Real Estate. No. 1575, R. D., Second Chancery—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county—B. P. Anderson, Commissioner of Revenue, vs. R. C. Williamson, W. A. Williams et al. Williams et al.

Pursuant to a decree for sale entered in this cause on the 14th day of January. 1878, and enrolled in minute-book 20, page 192, I will sell at public aution, to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the courthouse, in the city of Memphis, and within legal

the following real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessar to discharge the taxes, costs and charges adjudged against the same, lowit: Lot No. 15, of block 66, of the city of Memphis, situate on Second street. Also lots 1 and 2, of block 14, in the city of Memphis, and on southwest corner of Beale and Shelby streets. This 17th day of January, 1878.

Commissioner of Revenue.

THE CARNIVAL.

GRAND EDICT of REX

Attested by Typhon and Puck, for the Mardi-Gras Celebration of the Fifth of March.

EDICT VII.

1. We proclaim our swift approach to our loys

2. On MONDAY EVE, at 7 o'clock, we will gra-

MARDI-GRAS

4. For the greater facility of our loyal subjects dwelling in our broad realm, we command that all railways and steamboats reduce their fares to one-half, to and from our good city of Memphis, whose hospitality shall equal our imperial munificence. Attest. TYPHON. REX.

APERIENT WATER. The GREAT EUROPEAN NOVELTY



TRE BRITISH
MEDICALJOURNAL.—"Hunyadl Janos.—The most agreeble, safest, and most
efficacious aperient water." Professor Virchow, Berlin. "Invariably good and prompt success; most valuable." Professor Bamberger, Vienna. "I have prescribed these Waters with remarksble suc-

Professor Scanzoni, Wurzburg. "I pre rolessor Scanzoni, Wurzburg. "I pre-scribe none but this."

Professor Lauder Brunton, M.D., F.R.S.,
London. "More pleasant than its rivals, and
surpasses them in efficacy."

Professor Aitken, M.D., F.R.S., Royal
Military Hospital, Netley. "Preferred
to Pullna and Friedrichshall." A Wineglassful a Dose.

Every genuine bottle bears the name of The ApolLINARIS Co. (limited), London.

FRED'H DE BARY & CO...

41 and 43 Warren St.. New York.

Sole Agents for United States and Canadas.

FOR SALE BY

DEALERS, GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS.